

Mathematical Language Routines

Developing Students' Voices and Sense Making

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Let's get to know each other!

Who teaches or works with teachers...

- PK 2?
- 3 5?
- 6 8?
- 9 12?
- Post secondary?

Why are you here?



Learning Goals

- Understand that learning mathematics is a language-demanding activity for all students
- Understand how MLRs support mathematics sense-making and language development
- Engage in and prepare MLRs

Let's Do Math

A company claims that their new bottle holds 25% more laundry soap. If their original container held 53 fluid ounces of soap, how much does the new container hold?





Language demands?

Prompts:

- How did you use language to engage in this task?
- How did you make your thinking visible?

A company claims that their new bottle holds 25% more laundry soap. If their original container held 53 fluid ounces of soap, how much does the new container hold?

Mathematical Language Demands It matters for all students

READING

WRITING

REPRESENTING

CONVERSING

LISTENING

SPEAKING

(Adapted from Aguirre & Bunch, 2012)



UL/SCALE: Mathematical Language Routines

- 1. Stronger and Clearer Each Time
- 2. Collect and Display
- 3. Clarify, Critique, Correct
- Information Gap
- 5. Co-Craft Questions
- 6. Three Reads
- 7. Compare and Connect
- 8. Discussion Supports

MLRs are structured but adaptable formats for amplifying, assessing, and developing students' language.

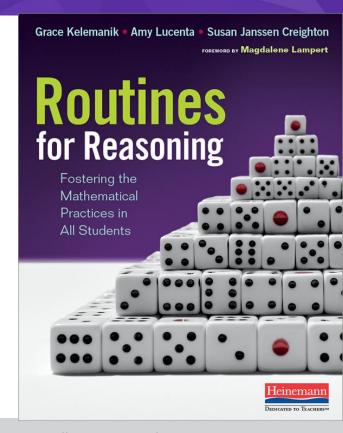


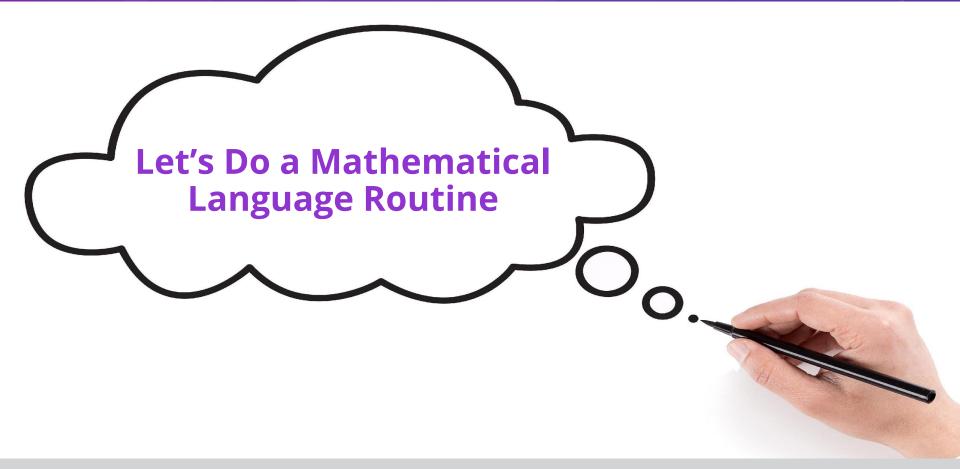




What are instructional routines?

"Instructional routines are specific and repeatable designs for learning that support both the teacher and students in the classroom."







Mathematical Language Routine: Clarify, Critique, Correct

Incomplete Response

PROMPT partners to:

- Clarify: Describe what the author did
- Critique: Analyze the author's reasoning
- Correct: Improve the response





Clarify, Critique, Correct

Partners Clarify (1 minute)

- "I notice ... " "What do you notice?"
- "I wonder..." "What do you wonder?"

Partners Critique (2 minutes)

- "This reasoning is strong because ..."
- "What might make this reasoning stronger is ..."

Individuals Correct (2 minutes)

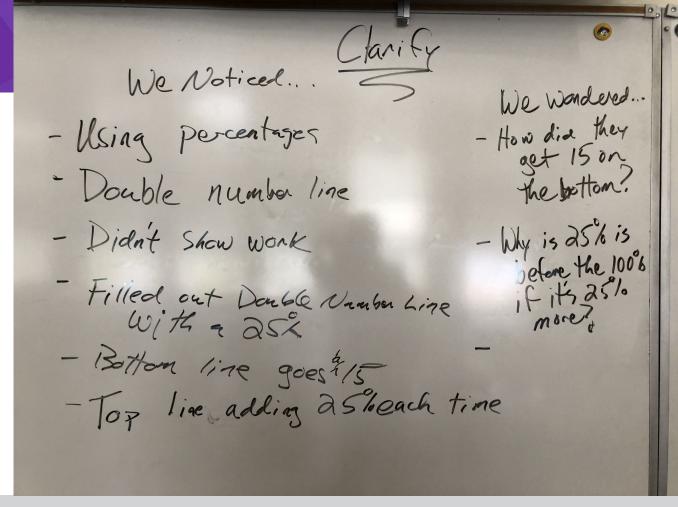
- "I can build onto this response by ..."
- "What else could I do/show?"





Clarify

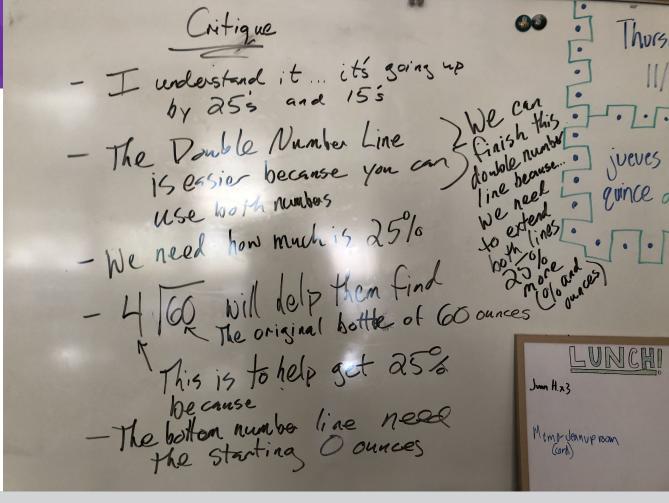
"We noticed ... "
"We wondered..."



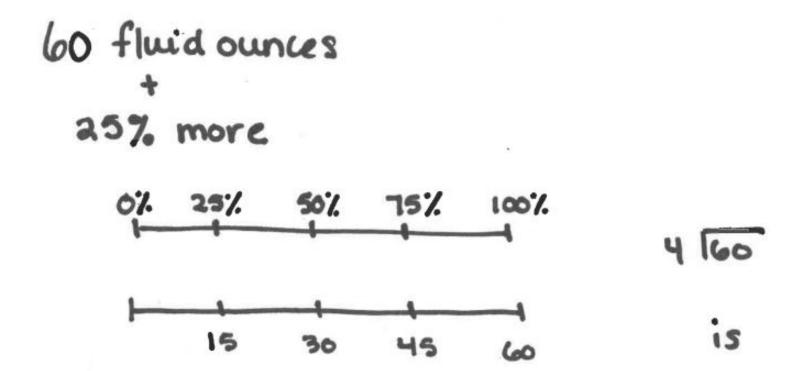
Critique

"This reasoning is strong because ..."

"What might make this reasoning stronger is ..."



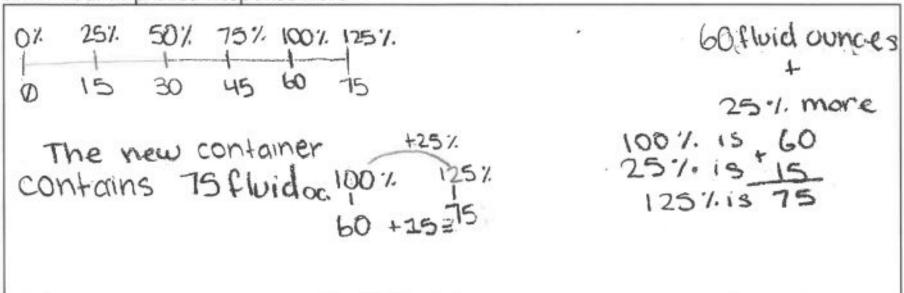
Initial Draft





Revised Response

Show Your Improved Response Here





Unpack the Routine

How does "Clarify, Critique, Correct"

- support language demands of the task?
- support development of mathematical understanding?

```
READING WRITING
REPRESENTING
CONVERSING
LISTENING SPEAKING
```



Unpack the Routine

In this routine:

- What is the teacher doing?
- What are students doing?





Mathematical Language Routine: Clarify, Critique, Correct

Purpose: To give students a piece of mathematical writing that is not their own to analyze, reflect on, and develop. The intent is to prompt student reflection with an incorrect or incomplete written argument, and for students to improve upon the written work by clarifying thinking, offering critique and then correcting the initial response.



Clarify, Critique, Correct

- 1. **PRESENT** a partial or broken argument, explanation, or solution method.
- 2. **PROMPT** partners to:

Clarify: the reasoning in the initial response

Critique: Analyze the response in light of partner's own understanding of the problem

Correct: Partners work collaboratively / individually to improve the initial response

3. **SHARE:** Partners share out their drafts of an improved response and refine as needed during whole group discussion.



A Partnership







Design Principles

To Promote

Mathematical Language

Use and Development

in Curriculum and

Instruction

- 1. Support sense-making
- 2. Optimize output
- 3. Cultivate conversation >
- 4. Maximize linguistic and cognitive meta-awareness



Connecting to the UL/SCALE Guiding Principles

Principle 3 CULTIVATE CONVERSATION: Strengthen the opportunities and supports for constructive mathematical conversations (pairs, groups, and whole class).

Conversations are back-and-forth interactions with multiple turns that build up ideas about math. Conversations act as scaffolds for students developing mathematical language because they provide opportunities to simultaneously make meaning and communicate that meaning (Mercer & Howe, 2012; Zwiers, 2011). They also allow students to hear how other students express their understandings. When students have a reason or purpose to talk and listen to each other, interactive communication is more authentic. For example, when there is an "information gap," in which students need or want to share their thoughts (which are not the same), students have a reason or purpose in talking and listening to each other.

During effective discussions, students pose and answer questions, clarify what is being asked and what is happening in a problem, build common understandings, and share experiences relevant to the topic. As mentioned in Principle 2, learners must be supported in their use of language, including within conversations, to make claims, justify claims with evidence, make conjectures, communicate reasoning, critique the reasoning of others, and engage in other mathematical practices – and above all, to make mistakes. Meaningful conversations depend on the teacher using lessons and activities as opportunities to build a classroom culture that motivates and values efforts to communicate.



Students are Engaged in Mathematical Language Development When...

MATH

Extending discourse Discussing complex problems Giving explanations Constructing arguments Making conjectures Reading complex sentences Stating assumptions Using vocabulary in context

LANGUAGE





Routines in the Mathematics Lessons Support Students'...

Mathematical
Sense
Making

Mathematical Language Development

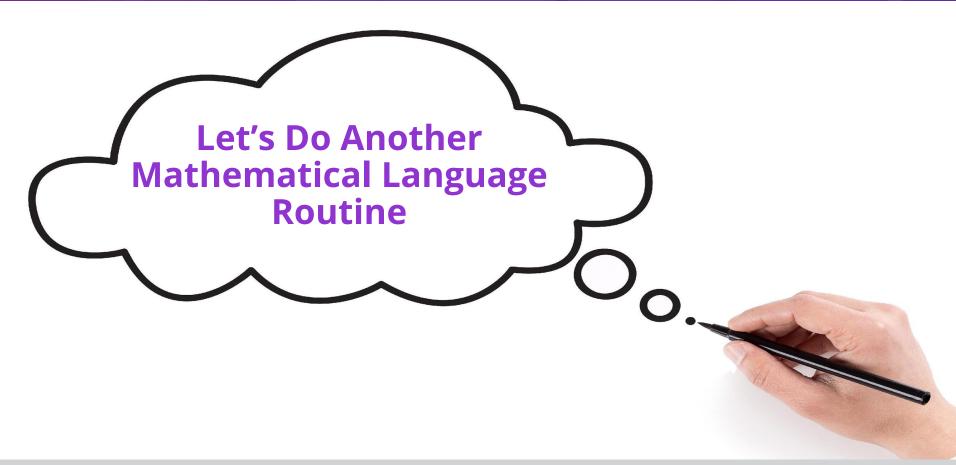
Simultaneously

A Double Challenge for English Learners

"(The English learner must) learn how to effectively employ a new language in an academic setting, while learning through that language the knowledge and skills in multiple disciplines."

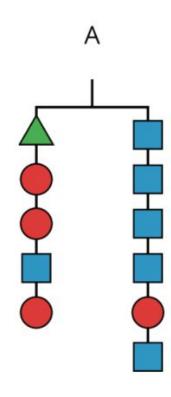
(UL/SCALE 2014)



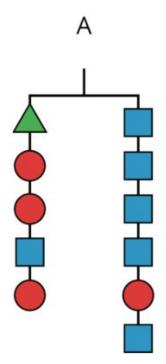




What do you notice? What do you wonder?







$$3+6+6+6=4x+6$$

$$21 + x = 6 + 5x$$

$$x = 3.75$$

Pick 2 equations.

Describe how the two equations are related



What do you notice? What do you wonder?

Mathematical Routine: Stronger and Clearer Each Time

- 1. Pre-write
- 2. Think time
- 3. Pair share
- 4. Repeat with new partners
- 5. Revise pre-write

Mathematicians communicate their thinking in a many ways. They borrow and use other's ideas and words to get.... Stronger and Clearer Each Time

Los matemáticos comunican su pensamiento de muchas maneras.

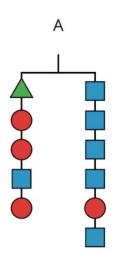
Piden prestado y usan ideas de otros para obtener ... Cada vez más fuertes y claros

Your Name:	Prompt:
	Pick two equations. Escoge dos ecuaciones.
	Describe how the two equations are related. Describe cómo se relacionan las do
	ecuaciones.
Initial Thinking	
Include diagrams, number	
sentences, words, etc.	
sentences, words, etc.	
Pensamiento inicial	
Incluye diagramas,	
oraciones numéricas.	
palabras, etcétera.	
☐ Did it! ¡Lo hice!	
Share #1	
Write down 1 or 2 words	
before you switch partners	
Compartir # 1	
riba 1 o 2 palabras antes	
de cambiar de pareja	
Did it! ¡Lo hice!	
Share #2	
Say "because" to justify your	
steps	
Compartir # 2	
i "porque" para justificar	
tus pasos	
☐ Did it! ¡Lo hice!	
New Thinking	
Remember	
stronger & clearer!	
Nuevo pensamiento	
Recuerda	
más fuerte y más claro!	
mas ruerte y mas ciaro:	
☐ Did it! ¡Lo hice!	





Pick 2 equations. Describe how the two equations are related.



$$3+6+6+6=4x+6$$

$$21 + x = 6 + 5x$$

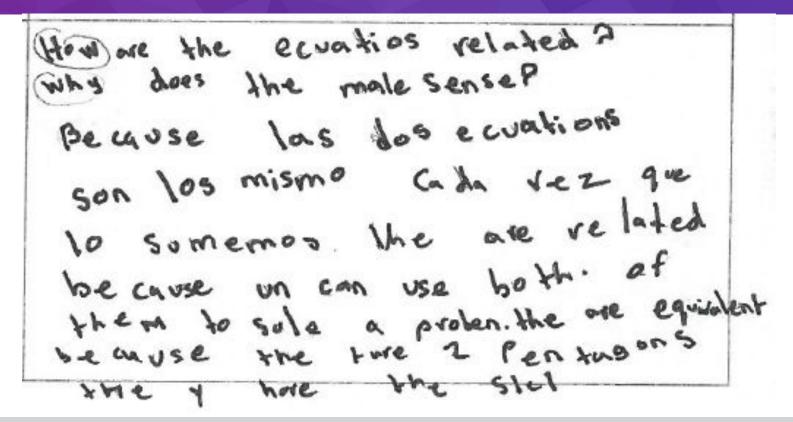
$$x = 3.75$$

Initial Draft

Initial Thinking Include diagrams, number sentences, words, etc. Pensamiento inicial Incluye diagramas, oraciones numéricas, palabras, etcétera. Did it! ¡Lo hice!	be relacionan Sumando 3 veces 6 para Sumando el 3767676 = 4x46 por que cuenta los numeros elena take triangles or the left side
Share #1 Write down 1 or 2 words before you switch partners Compartir # 1 Escriba 1 o 2 palabras antes de cambiar de pareja Did iti _Lo hice!	la ecuquion es la misma que la otra.
Share #2 Say "because" to justify your steps Compartir # 2 Di "porque" para justificar tus pasos Did itl ¡Lo hice!	por que unos son iguales



Revised Response





Unpack the Routine

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In this routine:

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Mathematical Language Routine: Stronger and Clearer Each Time

Purpose: To provide a structured and interactive opportunity for students to revise and refine both their ideas and their verbal and written output (Zwiers, 2014). Pairs borrow and use the language, ideas, and justifications each time. Responses become:

- Stronger (often longer) with better justifications and examples,
- Clearer with more precise terms and linked, organized, complete sentences.





Language Routines in General

After experiencing both routines:

- How is learning mathematics a language demanding activity for all students?
- How do these routines support mathematical sense making and language development simultaneously?
- How do these routines empower students?



Let's Prepare a Mathematical Language Routine



Implementing Mathematical Language Routines

Which of these routines will I try with my students?

- 3 Reads
- Clarify, Critique, Correct
- Stronger and Clearer Each Time

I want to try ____ because...





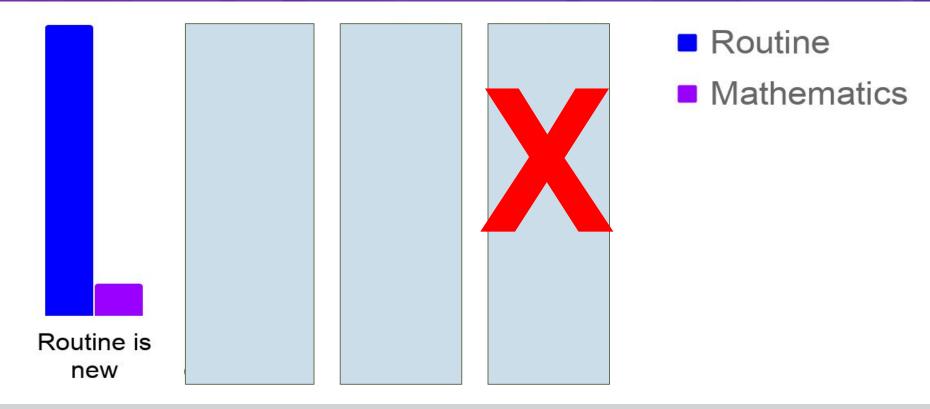
Implementing Mathematical Language Routines

As you prepare to develop your own students' voices and sense making, what are some things you might consider as you prepare to facilitate the routine with your students?





Consider Students' (and your) Cognitive Load





UL/SCALE: Mathematical Language Routines

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MLRs are structured
but adaptable
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and developing
students' language.

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THANK YOU

For Exploring Mathematical Language Routines

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#LearnWithIM



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