



## What is fluency?

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Procedural fluency refers to knowledge of procedures, knowledge of when and how to use them appropriately, and skill in performing them flexibly, accurately, and efficiently.”

Adding It Up:  
Helping Children Learn Mathematics  
National Research Council (2001)

Since I know that  
 $10 + 5$  is 15,  
then I also know that  
 $9 + 6$  is 15.

## How do students demonstrate fluency?

They can perform calculations with flexibility, accuracy, and efficiency.



**flexibility**  
Students should have a conceptual understanding of how they arrived at the math facts but also know a variety of strategies to approach problems.

**accuracy**  
By using the strategy appropriately, students should arrive at the correct answer.

**efficiency**  
Students are able to choose a strategy and implement it without struggling.

GRADE K  
 $5 - 2 = 3$

GRADE 3  
 $8 \times 7 = 56$

GRADE 5  
$$\begin{array}{r} 83 \\ \times 42 \\ \hline 166 \\ +3,320 \\ \hline 3,486 \end{array}$$

Fluency is built within and across grades.



## How is fluency developed?

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*In IM K-5 Math, the development of fluency is embedded throughout the lessons. This allows us to develop flexibility and judgement about the appropriate method in parallel with developing efficiency and accuracy.”*

William McCallum  
Cofounder of Illustrative Mathematics

